



Unit 2 Home Sweet Home



Section A What can you do for your home?

第一课时 Section A (1a~1d)

基·础·巩·固

一、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

1. 周六早上, 我收拾好旧玩具, 把它们放进了一个箱子里。

On Saturday morning, I _____ my old toys and put them in a box.

2. 之后, 我在卧室里铺好了床。

Then I made my bed in the _____.

3. 接着, 我帮妈妈打扫了浴室。

After that, I helped my mum to _____.

4. 我还和弟弟一起整理了客厅。

I also tidied _____ together with my brother.

5. 最后, 我把家人的照片挂在了墙上。

Finally, I _____ of my family on the wall

二、根据所给图片提示完成句子。



1



2



3



4



5

1. Look! Mum is _____ in the living room.

2. Grandma grows some plants _____.

3. Tom _____ just now, didn't he?

4. Can you _____ while I'm away?

5. Gina is _____ litter _____ different boxes.

三、教材回顾 按照语法性和语意连贯的要求填空(一空一词)。

Jim's family is moving to a new house. Jim wants to (1) _____ out with his friends after lunch as he wants to spend time with them before they move. Dad tells him to (2) _____ up his things first. After sorting them into the boxes, he can go out.

When they arrive at the new house, the kids are all excited. Jim loves the big living room. He wants to keep some fish there and

promises to take care (3) _____ them. Dad agrees and then asks him to help hang (4) _____ the photos. Helen loves the big, sunny balcony and wants to grow some flowers there. Mum thinks that's a great idea. Peter wants to invite his friends to their new house. Mum says yes (5) _____ asks him to help clean up first.

四、根据情境, 用适当的语句补全对话。

Cindy: Mum, can I go to the park with Emma? They're playing soccer!

Mum: (1) _____? It is so untidy. Your books and clothes are everywhere.

Cindy: (2) _____! (Starts picking up books) Can I leave after this?

Mum: No. Your aunt is coming to visit us. I need you to help me with housework. (3) _____? The floor of the living room is so dirty.

Cindy: OK ... (Sweeps quickly) (4) _____?

Mum: Wait! Could you please hang up the clothes in the bathroom? I just washed them.

Cindy: OK. (Finishes the job quickly) Can I go?

Mum: Yes! (5) _____.

Cindy: Thanks mum. (Runs out)

能·力·提·升

五、语意完形。

Many kids hardly do any housework at home. Parents don't let the kids 1 them. They think the kids can't do housework well as they are too 2. However, it's quite 3 in my home.

Doing housework is a 4 in my family. When I come back from school, my mum 5 says, "Could you make your bed?" or "Could you help me with cooking?" I know she's just trying to teach me how to 6 myself. But 7 does she make me do all the housework? OK, a 8 kid often does some housework at home. I know I'm the oldest (最大的) and I should do housework. But I think my sisters should 9 do it.

Yesterday I did all the housework again. My parents 10 my aunt with my sisters yesterday morning. They 11 me at home because I had to do my homework. When I finished my homework, I 12 they didn't do any housework. So I 13 the rooms, washed the dishes and watered the flowers.

14 I was tired, I felt so good when I saw the tidy and clean house. Then I realized I came to 15 doing housework.

- () 1. A. remind B. forget
C. guide D. help
- () 2. A. busy B. tired
C. young D. silly
- () 3. A. difficult B. different
C. interesting D. similar
- () 4. A. rule B. habit
C. problem D. choice
- () 5. A. hardly B. almost
C. always D. never

- () 6. A. look at B. look after
C. listen to D. think about
- () 7. A. where B. how often
C. when D. why
- () 8. A. good B. poor
C. clever D. free
- () 9. A. also B. only
C. even D. again
- () 10. A. invited B. treated
C. visited D. called
- () 11. A. taught B. left
C. met D. caught
- () 12. A. guessed B. noticed
C. believed D. recorded
- () 13. A. marked B. searched
C. cleaned D. built
- () 14. A. If B. But
C. So D. Although
- () 15. A. enjoy B. keep
C. remember D. practise

六、阅读理解。

The Ministry of Education (教育部) asks students to learn different life skills like cooking and doing other housework at home. Do students think they need to learn cooking?



Zhang Na, Grade 6

Learning to cook is fun. We will feel good when we finish cooking a delicious meal. It can be as exciting as working out a difficult maths problem.

We students need to have cooking skills. Our parents can't take care of us all the time. Learning to cook can help us become independent (独立的). We can look after ourselves.



Han Ting, Grade 9



Li Lei, Grade 7

We don't have to learn cooking skills ourselves. With the help of the technology (科技), housework robots will help us with cooking in the future.

I don't think we need to learn to cook because we can order takeout (外卖) food. It's very easy. What's more, cooking is kind of dangerous. We may cut ourselves.



Wang Hua, Grade 8

- () 1. What does Zhang Na think of learning to cook?
A. Difficult. B. Interesting. C. Dangerous. D. Boring.
- () 2. Why does Han Ting think students should learn cooking?
A. To eat healthily. B. To take care of parents.
C. To look after ourselves. D. To follow the school's rule.
- () 3. How many students think they don't need to learn to cook?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
- () 4. What do the students talk about?
A. Whether (是否) students should learn to cook.
B. Why students should learn to cook.
C. Whether students should do housework at home.
D. How students can look after themselves.

第二课时 Section A (Pronunciation & 2a~2e)

语·音·专·练

一、读音归类,把音标编号填入对应括号内。

A. /ɔ:/ B. /ɒ/ C. /u:/ D. /ɑ:/ E. /ʌ/

- () 1. noon zoo school food
 () 2. budget ugly subject culture
 () 3. shop follow clock hobby
 () 4. sort short record storm
 () 5. garden smart artist scarf

二、选出画线部分发音不同的一项。

- () 1. A. horse B. morning C. forget
 () 2. A. hotel B. body C. promise
 () 3. A. good B. food C. cool
 () 4. A. dark B. large C. sugar
 () 5. A. result B. succeed C. summer

基·础·巩·固

三、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

1. 上周六早上,莉莉和她的朋友艾玛一起去购物。

Last Saturday morning, Lily _____
 _____ with her friend Emma.

2. 买零食时,莉莉往购物篮里加了些饼干。

While buying snacks, Lily _____
 _____ her shopping basket.

3. 莉莉超支了,于是向艾玛借了些钱。

Lily went over budget, so she _____
 _____ Emma.

4. 她们在朋友家策划了一场寻宝游戏,玩得很开心。

They _____ in their
 friend's home and had a great time.

5. 莉莉家比较远,所以游戏结束后艾玛的爸爸开车送她回家。

Lily's house was far, so Emma's father _____
 _____ when the game ended.

四、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. I got a(n) _____ (invite) to my best friend's birthday party next Saturday.
 2. She planned _____ (visit) her grandparents during the winter vacation.
 3. He _____ (lift) the heavy box with both hands and carried it to the car.
 4. In ancient times, people had to go _____ (hunt) for food to make a living.
 5. I _____ (treasure) the gift from my little sister because it was full of love.

五、【教材回顾】按照语法性和语意连贯的要求填空(一空一词)。

Peter's grandpa and grandma are visiting them this weekend. Jim is very excited, and Peter can't (1) _____ to show them the new house. Mum says they need to get ready (2) _____ their grandparents' arrival and asks Peter to clean up their room. (3) _____ Peter thinks it is already clean, Mum says it isn't "grandma clean" yet. At the same time, Dad asks Jim to help him put a new clock on the wall for Grandpa to see the time. Dad also asks Helen to move a chair to their room as Grandpa likes reading (4) _____ front of the window. Helen wants to (5) _____ some flowers to their room since Grandma loves flowers. And Mum will take her to the flower shop after lunch.

能力·提升

六、根据情境，用适当的语句补全对话。

A: Mum, I feel tired after doing homework for such a long time. (1) _____?

B: Watch TV? I know you want to relax. Doing housework can also help you relax. Could you help me water the flowers?

A: (2) _____. But I am too tired. I just want to sit on the sofa (沙发). (3) _____?

B: No, please do it now. After sitting for such a long time, you need to move your body. (4) _____?

A: OK. Where is the rubbish?

B: It's in the kitchen. Can you find it?

A: Yes! After that, can I watch my favourite show?

B: Yes, but could you limit (限制) it to 20 minutes?

A: (5) _____!

Thank you so much! You're my best mum!

七、阅读理解。

Duan Jiayang, a 12-year-old student of a primary school (小学) in Shaanxi, is learning the skills to take care of vegetable gardens. "I learned how to place the mulch film (地膜)," he says. "I thought it was only a piece of cake before, but I was wrong."

In China, many parents focus too much on their children's good results in studies, but little on their life skills. "Some parents do everything for their children," says Yan Mei, a teacher in a primary school. "For example," Yan says, "some

parents would help their children do the school's cleaning."

Since March 2023, the country has made a set of policies (政策). Middle schools and primary schools need to teach students more useful skills. Following these policies, the primary school started the agricultural (农业的) class. Students plant fruit and vegetables in a garden about 4,000 m² in size.

"In the days before the May Day holiday, students of different grades at the school worked together in the gardens," says the teacher Yang Bo. "They planted watermelons, tomatoes and carrots."

The school hopes that students will learn that food is quite valuable, so that they will better understand the difficulties their parents are going through (经历).

() 1. How did Duan Jiayang find the activity before?

- A. Easy. B. Difficult.
C. Interesting. D. Boring.

() 2. What do many Chinese parents care too much about when it comes to their kids?

- A. Their life skills. B. Their studies.
C. Their health. D. Their friends.

() 3. If a thing is "valuable", it is _____.

- A. easy to get B. common to see
C. very useful D. difficult to learn

() 4. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. Duan Jiayang, a Hard-working Student
B. The Country's Policies on Education
C. Children Get a Lesson in Life through Skills Class
D. Parents Help Kids Learn Life Skills

第三课时 Grammar Focus (3a~3c)

语·法·专·练

一、选词(组)填空。

- _____ (could / should) I use your phone?
I have something important to tell my parents.
- Could I invite some friends to my party?
—Of course you _____ (can / could).
- Could you please not _____ (to turn / turn)
on the TV? I'm reading now.
- Could you buy some drinks when you come?
—Sorry, I _____ (can't / couldn't). I lost
my wallet (钱包) on the bus.
- Here are the books for the new term.
_____ (could / must) you help me hand
them out?

二、按要求完成句子,每空一词(含缩略词)。

- Could you lend me your bike for a while? (改
为同义句)
_____ borrow your bike for a
while?
- Could I have another piece of cake? (作肯
定回答)
—_____, _____.
- Can I stay up late tonight? (作否定回答)
—_____, you _____.
- Could you take a picture of us? (作否定回
答)
—Sorry, _____.
- Could you please open the window? (改为否
定句)
Could you please _____ the
window?

基·础·巩·固

三、单词拼写。

- The kids played football in the park u_____
it got dark.

- We watched a funny _____ /'mu:vi/ last
night and laughed a lot.
- My computer is _____ (不运行的).
There is only a dark screen.
- There is a big park in our _____ (社区),
and people can exercise there.
- This place is very dirty. You can see r_____
here and there.

四、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- Thanks for your _____ (invite), but I'm
too busy to go to your party.
- His sudden _____ (arrive) surprised
everyone in the room.
- My family are _____ (plan) a trip to
China next month.
- We should try our best to stop _____
(hunt) from killing animals.
- Lei Feng is _____ (die), but his spirit
lives on.

五、选用方框中的单词完成句子。

balcony	borrow	invite	plan	sort
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- She decided to _____ only five classmates
to her birthday party.
- Let's make a(n) _____ for the weekend
trip so we won't waste time.
- Before washing the clothes, remember to
_____ the dark ones from the light ones.
- Can I _____ your umbrella? It's raining
heavily outside.
- In summer, my family often eats dinner out on
the _____ because it's cool there.

六、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

- 艾米莉通常在周末去看电影来放松。
Emily usually _____ on
weekends to relax.

2. 上周末她帮忙打扫了公园。

She helped to _____ the park last weekend.

3. 活动前他们召开了会议，艾米莉认真做了笔记。

They held a meeting before the event and Emily _____ carefully.

4. “我能要两个垃圾袋吗？”活动前艾米莉问道。

“Could I have two _____?”

Emily asked before the event.

5. 她提醒大家在活动期间注意安全。

She reminded everyone _____ their safety during the event.

能·力·提·升

- 七、按照语法性和语意连贯的要求填空（一空一词）。

Last Sunday, I helped my mum with housework.

In the morning, we (1) _____ shopping together. We bought some vegetables and fruit. When we got home, I saw some clothes on the sofa. Mum asked me to (2) _____ up my jacket in the closet (衣柜). I did it quickly. Then I helped clean up the living room, and I didn't stop (3) _____ it was tidy. Mum said, “You did a good job! Please be careful (4) _____ the glass bottles.” I smiled and said yes. In the evening, I packed (5) _____ my schoolbag for the next day on my own and went to bed.

It was a busy but happy day. I learned that helping with housework is a way to show love to my family.

- 八、补全短文（有一项为多余选项）。

Do you do any chores at home? Doing chores can help you in many ways. It can not only make you build good habits but also help you a lot in the future. 1 Here is some advice.

2 It's not so difficult for you to do something at home. Doing the dishes or taking out the rubbish is a good choice.

Take labour (劳动) classes at school. Middle schools and primary schools in China have labour classes. And they teach labour skills to students. 3

Join clubs. There must be all kinds of clubs for you, such as a cooking club, a paper-cutting club or a clothing-making club. 4

Join in competitions (比赛). If you are the winner of a competition, your parents will be proud (骄傲的) of you. And different kinds of competitions make your school life colourful and meaningful.

5 When you grow up, you will feel its importance.

A. Do chores at home.

B. Learn from your parents.

C. But how can we practise?

D. So students can learn how to do chores in the school.

E. You can also join clubs with your best friends together.

F. It's really important to learn life skills from doing chores.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

Section B How do you feel at home?

第四课时 Section B (1a~1e)

【课文导读】 阅读教材 1b 的课文，完成图表中所缺信息（每空不超过三个词）。

Going Home for the Spring Festival	
Events	Details
Planned the trip.	I wanted to go to Hainan for the Spring Festival, but Dad decided on Mum's hometown (1) _____.
Got to Grandparents' village.	• We got there first (2) _____, and then (2) _____. • Grandpa and my cousin were waiting for us.
Arrived at Grandparents' home.	• Grandpa helped with the luggage. • My parents helped other family members (3) _____. • I shared snacks with my cousin and talked with Grandpa about school. • I helped set the table. • We enjoyed the food and (4) _____ at my uncle's jokes.
Left Grandparents' home.	Mum (5) _____ to go home more often, with tears in her eyes.

基·础·巩·固

一、单词拼写。

- We learned much about ancient Chinese history from our j_____ to Xi'an last summer.
- My father has _____ /'sevrəl/ shirts in different colours.
- It doesn't m_____ if you make a mistake; just learn from it.
- Ne Zha 2 is _____ (几乎) three hours long.
- Mum asked me to put all the _____ (盘子) on the table before dinner.
- I can't find my pencil case. _____ (也许) I left it in the library.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- I'm new here and _____ (familiar) with the city.
- He just _____ and smiled at me.
- Mo Yan is one of my favourite _____ (write) in China. I like reading his books.
- His _____ (describe) of the beautiful scenery made me want to go there right now.

- The fruits at the market were _____ (fresh) picked, so we bought some.
- Lucy _____ to tell me about the homework today. We need to read three English _____. (text)

三、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

- 爸爸把叔叔的行李拖进客厅，让他先休息一下。
Dad _____ into the living room and asked him to have a rest.
- 我帮妈妈摆好了晚餐用的餐具。
I helped my mum to _____ for dinner.
- 妹妹把她的饼干分给了表弟。
My sister _____ my cousin.
- 晚餐时爸爸讲笑话逗得大家直笑。
Dad _____ to make everyone laugh during the dinner.
- 无论我们在哪里，我们总能找到享受家庭时光的方法。
_____ we are, we can always find a way to enjoy family time.

能力·提升

四、阅读理解。

①Miss Gu, 28, served as “Spring Festival organizer (组织者)” in her family for the first time this year. In the past, that was her parents’ job.

②“Too many activities and visits to relatives (亲戚) can make the festival more of a tiring job than a break,” Gu said. So she decided to make things simple (简单的) this year.

③One of the changes was about visiting relatives. Gu didn’t have a plan for in-person visits. Instead, she made video calls. Surprisingly, her family and relatives all liked this way. They thought it was easy and relaxing. Her relatives also said they didn’t have to travel from all over the country back to their hometown.



make a video call

④“The video call also stopped them from talking about young people’s studies, work and other things,” said Gu.

⑤Another change was to make the Lunar New Year’s Eve (除夕) meal simpler. The meal usually took days to prepare and a day to cook. It was very tiring.

⑥However, this year, instead of starting cooking at 8:00 am, Gu and her family started at 4:00 pm. and finished in about two hours. “We made delicious dumplings together and prepared fewer dishes than usual. My family ate most of the food that evening,” said Gu.

⑦Gu is not the only one. The young Chinese are becoming organizers and changing how people celebrate the festival.

() 1. How did Gu greet her relatives this year?

- A. She sent an e-mail to them.
- B. She invited them to her home.
- C. She had video calls with them.
- D. She went to their home to visit them.

() 2. What can we learn about the Lunar New Year’s Eve meal in Gu’s family this year?

- A. They cooked more dishes.
- B. They ate up most of the food.
- C. It took them a day to cook.
- D. They just ate dumplings.

() 3. Which of the following best shows the structure (结构) of the passage?

- A. ①/②/③④/⑤⑥/⑦
- B. ①②/③④⑤/⑥⑦
- C. ①/②/③④⑤/⑥⑦
- D. ①②③④/⑤⑥⑦

() 4. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. A Cultural Activity
- B. A Tiring Festival
- C. A Change in Life
- D. A New Way to Celebrate

五、根据短文内容，完成下列各题。

Everyone knows the saying: There is no place like home! This is just another way of saying that home is a very special place.

Is home a place where you can relax and have fun? Is home a place where you do your best thinking? Being at home means different things to different people. As people grow older, home usually means more responsibility (责任). Home, after all, needs care. Who takes care of all of these things in your home? How do you help out?

There are many different kinds of homes. Some people live in apartments or single-family homes. Homes have different rooms that are used for different purposes (目的). Each of the rooms — the kitchen, the bedrooms, the living room, and the bathroom — has its own use.

Some people might say that family and food are two of the best parts of being home. At home, you can tell your parents about your day, play with your pets, and take a snack from the table. You can relax in your room and read a book or play a game. You can invite friends over to play. Home is a place to take care of and be thankful for. Even though you are young, you can help to make it a nice place. After all, home is where the heart is!

1. What does the saying “There is no place like home!” tell us?

It tells us that home is very _____ to everyone.

2. Why does home mean more responsibility as we grow older?

Because we need to _____ our home.

3. How many kinds of rooms are talked about in Paragraph 3?

_____ kinds of rooms are talked about.

4. What do some people like best about being home?

They like _____ best about being home.

5. What does the underlined word “it” refer to?

It refers to “_____”.

第五课时 Section B (2a~2c)

基·础·巩·固

一、单词拼写。

- I'm not sure where my keys are. P_____ I left them at the office.
- She s_____ (闻) the meat on the plate and found it was bad.
- Spending time with my family brings me a lot of _____ /dʒɔɪ/.
- The a_____ has two bedrooms and a small balcony.
- Our school is just two _____ (街区) away from my home.

二、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

- 妈妈正在为长途旅行打包一些食物和饮料。
Mum is _____ some food and drinks for the long journey.
- 我想帮助妈妈一起做准备。
I want _____ to my mum with the preparations.
- “如果你需要帮助，尽管告诉我。”我对她说。
“If you need help, just _____ to tell me,” I said to her.
- 你能把湿衣服挂起来晾干吗？
Can you _____ the wet clothes to dry?
- 当然。我还可以帮忙倒垃圾。
Sure. I can also help to _____.

三、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- Mary was excited to get the _____ (invite) to the dance party.
- We are waiting for the _____ (arrive) of the train at the station.
- I was sad to find that my pet fish was _____ (die) this morning.
- The _____ (write) of the famous book *The Common World* is Lu Yao.
- We all felt _____ (joy) when we heard the good news.

四、选出下列画线单词的词性和词义。

1. sort

A. n. 种类 B. v. 分类

- () ① What sort of book do you like best?
() ② Can you sort your clothes and put them away?

2. lift

A. v. 举起 B. n. 搭便车 C. n. 电梯

- () ① We took the lift to the top floor.
() ② He can easily lift the heavy box.
() ③ She got a lift from a kind-hearted driver.

3. note

A. n. 笔记 B. n. 便条
C. v. 注意 D. v. 指出

- () ① Doctors note that vegetables are good for health.
() ② The teacher noted the change in the boy.
() ③ She left a note on the table for her mum.
() ④ You should go over your notes before the exam.

4. matter

A. n. 问题 B. v. 要紧

- () ① What he says doesn't matter to me.
() ② You can learn English well; it's only a matter of time.

5. smell

A. n. 气味 B. v. 闻到 C. v. 发臭

- () ① The milk smells. Don't drink it.
() ② I love the smell of flowers in spring.
() ③ Can you smell something strange in the house?

能·力·提·升

五、语意完形。

Sara often helps out at her father's restaurant on the weekend.

One Saturday evening, Sara's father prepared the food and asked Sara to 1 it to the customers. He told Sara, "It's a bowl of hot soup, so please be 2." Sara carried the food to

Table Six and was 3 to see her classmate Kitty sitting there with her friends. Sara went back to the kitchen quickly 4 she didn't want Kitty to see her.

Dad 5 that and asked Sara why. After he knew the 6, he said to Sara, "Are you afraid that Kitty may 7 you? There is no need to worry about that. We should 8 different kinds of jobs. For example, cleaners seem common, but their work is 9 because they keep our environment clean. As long as they work hard, all people are 10."

After hearing Dad's words, Sara 11 that her idea was wrong. Then, she walked towards Table Six 12. She said to Kitty, "Hello, Kitty. It's my dad's restaurant." Kitty said, "You help out at your dad's restaurant. You are great! You set a good 13 for us. I will 14 you and help my parents with chores too." Sara thanked Kitty for her 15 and felt happy.

- () 1. A. pick B. pack
 C. serve D. lift
- () 2. A. happy B. careful
 C. quick D. quiet
- () 3. A. lucky B. glad
 C. excited D. surprised
- () 4. A. because B. if
 C. although D. so
- () 5. A. remembered B. noticed
 C. understood D. joked
- () 6. A. news B. result
 C. plan D. reason
- () 7. A. fight with B. agree with
 C. laugh at D. look for
- () 8. A. respect B. try
 C. create D. do
- () 9. A. difficult B. dangerous
 C. dirty D. important
- () 10. A. great B. smart
 C. healthy D. lucky
- () 11. A. guessed B. realized

- C. promised D. worried
- () 12. A. instead B. suddenly
 C. again D. easily
- () 13. A. habit B. example
 C. plan D. note
- () 14. A. listen to B. look after
 C. think about D. learn from
- () 15. A. praise B. decision
 C. advice D. help

六、短文填空(每词限用一次,每空限填一词)。

be	careful	describe	familiar	job
joy	others	plan	they	treasure

Shaketha McGregor is a mother of three children. Her children often asked her for pocket money (零用钱), and they even borrowed 1 money. She 2 to ask them to do some chores and make money for themselves.

She set up a job fair (交易会) and gave three 3 for her children to choose: Laundry Supervisor, Lead Housekeeper and Kitchen Manager. Each child had to give a short 4 of their plan in an interview (面试). "I don't want to just give it to them," she said. "I want them to try hard for it."

At first, the kids felt 5 with their work like folding (折叠) clothes or cleaning dishes. But they tried hard. When Shaketha gave them money, they 6 it very much. "They stopped buying toys and saved 7," she shared happily.

The children even found 8 moments in chores, like dancing while cleaning! McGregor shared her idea online. She told people to let their children learn to 9 independent from an early age so that they could look after 10 well in the future.

1. _____ 2. _____
3. _____ 4. _____
5. _____ 6. _____
7. _____ 8. _____
9. _____ 10. _____

第六课时

Section B (3a~3c)

基·础·巩·固

一、选用方框中的单词完成句子。

cover decorate glue poster scissors

1. Look! The children are _____ the room for the party.
2. On windy mornings, Grandma always _____ her face with a scarf.
3. Tom's room is full of _____ of famous football players.
4. Please pass me the _____. I need to cut the paper.
5. We often use _____ in our art class because we make many things with paper and card.

二、连词成句（每题限写一个句子，提示词以外的词语不超过三个，缩写算一个词）。



1. I, share, bedroom, my, sister
_____.
2. we, decide, paint, door, light yellow, yesterday

_____.
3. can, you, help, make, interesting, poster

_____?
4. we, need, buy, some, glue, paint

_____.

5. could, you, go shopping, us, Saturday

_____?

写·作·指·导

【写作目标】

能够通过邮件向朋友发出礼貌的邀请，并请求帮助。

【基础写作】

假如你是李华。本周末你想要重新装饰你的房间，为此你想邀请你的好友萧军来帮忙。请给萧军发一封邮件，说明你想要邀请他帮忙装饰房间，并说明你需要他带的物品以及你们需要一起去购买的东西。

Step 1: 请用下划线标出题干中的写作要点。

Step 2: 分析结构，划分段落。

Para.1 The reason for writing the email (invite)

Para.2 The plan for the decoration (bring)

Para.3 The shopping plan (buy)

Para.4 The hope for reply (hope)

Step 3: 请根据括号内的要点提示，补全短文。

Dear Xiao Jun,

I plan to decorate my room this weekend, but I think it will be hard for me to do it alone. Can you help me?

If so, _____
_____ (你能带一把剪刀和一把刷子吗)? I want to make a poster and some paper-cuts _____
(来装饰墙和窗户). Oh, can you bring a painting? You really draw well, and I'd love to _____ (在我房间有一幅你的画作).
On Saturday morning, _____
_____ (让我们先去购物,

Best,
Li Hua

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第七课时 Project & Reflecting

基·础·巩·固

一、单词拼写。

1. Can I b_____ your eraser? I left mine at home.
2. The biscuits s_____ so sweet that I couldn't wait to eat them.
3. We should _____ (珍视) the time we spend with our family.
4. I used _____ (剪刀) to cut the paper for my art project.
5. The book must belong to Jane because her name is on the _____ (封面).

二、选用方框中的单词完成句子。

hunt	fresh	describe	familiar	write
------	-------	----------	----------	-------

1. We saw _____ plants during our hike and took photos to study later.
2. The bread was _____ prepared for breakfast.
3. The guide gave us a clear _____ of the way to make terracotta warriors (兵马俑).
4. The _____ are looking for animals in the forest.
5. J.K. Rowling is my favourite _____, and I like her *Harry Potter* series very much.

三、根据所给汉语意思完成句子。

1. 上周六，我第一次和朋友们去购物。
Last Saturday, I _____ with my friends for the first time.

2. 妈妈告诉我该买些什么，我还在纸上记了下来。

Mum told me what to buy, and I _____ on paper.

3. 妈妈还提醒我要小心我的钱。

Mum also reminded me _____ my money.

4. 无论我做什么，我总记得留意我的包。

_____ I did, I always remembered to notice my bag.

5. 莉莉的哥哥开车路过，顺便送我回了家。

Lily's brother drove by and _____ home.

四、从方框中选择合适的情态动词完成句子。

could	can	would
-------	-----	-------

1. _____ you please close the window?
2. _____ I use your ruler?
3. _____ you help me carry the box?
4. _____ we have a party to celebrate the New Year?
5. _____ you like to clean the window?

能·力·提·升

五、补全短文（有两项为多余选项）。

Most students do not enjoy doing housework.
 1. However, if you try the following ways, you will find that doing housework is not as boring as you think.

◆ 2.

You should learn to do small things around the house. For example, you can do the dishes, sweep the floor or make the bed. 3. It helps to develop your independence (发展你的独立性).

◆Share housework.

In fact, 4. It's good to share housework among family members. All the family members can do the housework together. Sharing housework among all the family members will make everyone's job much easier.

◆Make it fun.

Cooking is one part of housework. If you put your heart into it, 5. When you learn how to cook your favourite food, you will also get a strong feeling of joy.

- | |
|---|
| A. Make a plan first |
| B. Start from small things |
| C. Doing such small things is also important and meaningful |
| D. Some of them think it is boring |
| E. cooking can be great fun |
| F. We shouldn't ask small children to do much housework |
| G. it's too tiring for one person to do all the housework alone |

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
----	----	----	----	----

六、短文填空(每词限用一次, 每空限填一词)。

arrive	die	joy	invite	live	be
plan	sudden	you	wear		

Last week, I got a card from my cousin, Mia. It was a(n) 1 to her fourteenth birthday party. I opened it and found there was a funny rule: "Dress 2 like a superstar!" I was really excited and started thinking about what to 3.

The day before the party, Mia called me and asked me if I could help with the party preparation. Of course I said yes! We 4 to make some paper-cuts. And we wanted to put them up on the walls of the 5 room. We carefully chose colourful paper and cut it into beautiful pictures. After hours of work, the room started to look like a magical place.

On the day of the party, I got to her place early. My job was to welcome the guests at their 6. Soon, the house was full of life. 7 music was playing, and everyone was talking and laughing. However, just as we brought out the cake, the music 8 stopped. "The speaker (喇叭) was 9!" someone shouted. Then, someone started singing "Happy Birthday", and soon, everyone joined in. Mia was so moved that there 10 tears in her eyes.

Although the party didn't go very well, we still had a great time.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 4. _____ |
| 5. _____ | 6. _____ |
| 7. _____ | 8. _____ |
| 9. _____ | 10. _____ |

* Reading Plus

Word Bank

decision /dɪ'sɪʒn/ *n.* 决定adopt /ə'dɒpt/ *v.* 收养university /ˌjuːnɪ'vɜːsəti/ *n.* 大学

give up 放弃; 停止

sewing /'səʊɪŋ/ *n.* 缝纫alone /ə'ləʊn/ *adv.* 独自; 单独lip /lɪp/ *n.* 嘴唇worse /wɜːs/ *adj.* 更差的; 更坏的foolish /'fuːlɪʃ/ *adj.* 傻的; 愚蠢的dusk /dʌsk/ *n.* 黄昏

扫一扫, 听录音

一、阅读课文, 完成图表中所缺信息。

Anne's Decision	
The background (背景)	- Anne and her adopted mother, Marilla, lived a(n) (1) _____ life at Green Gables. - Anne is going to a university out of town.
Marilla' (2) _____	She had something wrong with her (3) _____ and had to sell Green Gables.
Anne's reaction (反应)	That night, she sat alone in sadness, and then got an idea.
Anne's decision	She decided to teach at Green Gables, take care of Marilla and (4) _____ their home.
Others' ideas	- Most people didn't think Anne made a(n) (5) _____ decision. - Mrs Lynde understood Anne.

二、阅读课文, 根据课文内容选择最佳选项。

- () 1. What did Anne find when she got home?
- A. Marilla didn't look very well. B. Marilla was talking to the doctor.
C. Marilla was cooking in the kitchen. D. Marilla was enjoying tea at the table.
- () 2. Why did Marilla want to sell Green Gables?
- A. It was too big for her to live in alone.
B. She needed much money to see the doctor.
C. She would go blind and couldn't look after it.
D. The doctor advised her to leave the countryside.
- () 3. What can we know from the passage?
- A. Anne wanted to be a teacher.
B. Everyone thought Anne was foolish.
C. Marilla would get well soon with Anne's help.
D. Anne felt sorry for coming back from university.
- () 4. Which word best describes Anne?
- A. Clever. B. Polite. C. Quiet. D. Caring.
- () 5. What's the writer's purpose in writing this passage?
- A. To show a great farm. B. To tell a story about true love.
C. To describe the peaceful farm life. D. To encourage readers to help parents.

听力专练

I. 听选答案。

第一节：听下面 10 段对话，每段对话后有一个问题，读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题，从所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。

- () 1. A.  B. 
C. 
- () 2. A.  B. 
C. 
- () 3. A. Cooks meals. B. Cleans the house.
C. Does the dishes.
- () 4. A. By driving car.
B. By taking the subway.
C. By taking the bus.
- () 5. A. Interesting. B. Useful.
C. Boring.
- () 6. A. His sister. B. Lucy.
C. His aunt.
- () 7. A. Clean the living room.
B. Clean the balcony.
C. Grow flowers.
- () 8. A. Because she played soccer.
B. Because she fed the fish.
C. Because she hung out with friends.
- () 9. A. Sharing problems with Lucy.
B. Explaining to Lucy.
C. Giving advice to Lucy.
- () 10. A. Mother and son.
B. Teacher and parent.
C. Father and daughter.

第二节：听下面两段对话，每段对话后有几道小题。请根据对话的内容，从题目所给的三个选项中选出问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。

听第 1 段对话，回答第 11、12 小题。

- () 11. Who will come to Mary's house tomorrow?

- A. Her uncle and aunt.
B. Her grandparents.
C. Her classmates.



扫一扫，听听力

- () 12. What will the speakers do after breakfast tomorrow?

- A. Go to the bus station.
B. Go shopping.
C. Order some food from a restaurant.

听第 2 段对话，回答第 13 至 15 小题。

- () 13. What does Mike need to buy?

- A. Some cakes.
B. Some salt.
C. Some sugar.

- () 14. What day is it today?

- A. Friday. B. Saturday.
C. Sunday.

- () 15. What will Mike do next?

- A. Do his homework.
B. Go shopping.
C. Go to the movies.

II. 听填信息。

本题你将听到一段独白，读两遍。请根据独白内容，用所听到的信息完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. Some kids don't want to do housework because they think their job is just to _____.
17. The speaker gives some advice on how to get kids to _____.
18. Parents firstly need to _____ kids to do housework by doing it together with them.
19. Parents shouldn't do housework for the kids when they _____ during the process.
20. Encouragement can make kids realize that it is _____ to do housework.